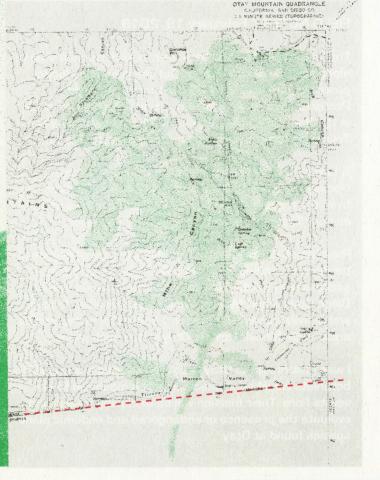
WELCOME MOUNTAIN

AN ALTERNATIVE FIELD GUIDE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY



#### FIELD NOTES / February 19, 2019

This is the road to Otay Mountain, a wilderness preserve along the US-Mexico border. But the road is no longer passable, barricaded by US Customs and Border Protection (CBP). At 3,566 ft, Otay is the highest peak in the San Ysidro Mountains. I am here only days after Trump declared a national emergency at the border.

A bird served as sentry along the chain-link fence blocking passage to Otay, just a dozen or so meters from the triple-fortified border wall and complex of fences near Tijuana. It is unusually cold for February.

Past here CBP has erected 'model' sections of proposed border wall, should the Trump Administration prove successful in building it. But this area between San Diego County and Mexico has long been walled, fenced, and heavily surveilled, save for a handful of more remote areas with difficult terrain. Otay is one such place.

I was first drawn to Otay because I learned a group of botanists would soon descend on the mountain to survey its flora. Their mission will be to rapidly assess and evaluate the presence of endangered and endemic plant species found at Otay.

# RARE, ENDEMIC, AND ENDANGERED PLANTS AT OTAY FOUND IMMEDIATELY ALONG US/MEXICO BORDER

| Common Name                  | Scientific Name                     | Family         |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Otay manzanita               | Arctostaphylos otayensis            | Ericaceae      |
| Encinitas baccharis          | Baccharis vanessae                  | Asteraceae     |
| San Diego goldenstar         | Bloomeria clevelandii               | Themidaceae    |
| Orcutt's brodiaea            | Brodiaea orcuttii                   | Themidaceae    |
| Otay Mountain ceanothus      | Ceanothus otayensis                 | Rhamnaceae     |
| small-flowered morning-glory | Convolvulus simulans                | Convolvulaceae |
| Mexican flannelbush          | Fremontodendron mexicanum           | Malvaceae      |
| Palmer's grapplinghook       | Harpagonella palmeri                | Boraginaceae   |
| Otay Mountain lotus          | Hosackia crassifolia ssp. otayensis | Fabaceae       |
| Gander's pitcher sage        | Lepechinia ganderi                  | Lamiaceae      |
| Jennifer's monardella        | Monardella stoneana                 | Lamiaceae      |
| Cedros Island oak            | Quercus cedrosensis                 | Fagaceae       |

#### endemic [adjective]

en-de-mic |\ en-'de-mik

1a : belonging or native to a particular people or country

1b: characteristic of or prevalent in a particular field, area, or environment

2 : restricted or peculiar to a locality or region

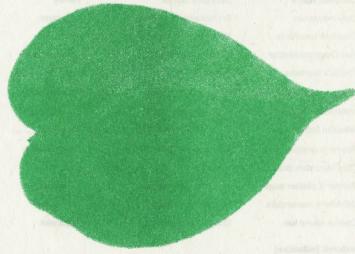
/ endemic diseases

/ an endemic species

[source: Merriam-Webster Dictionary]

#### FIELD NOTES / February 19, 2019

These botanical activists aim to use the legal protections afforded to plants under US and California endangered species laws to protect the rights and safety of people crossing the US-Mexico border.



The assessment is organized to provide evidence for lawsuits against the Trump administration for the proposed border wall's impact on endangered species.

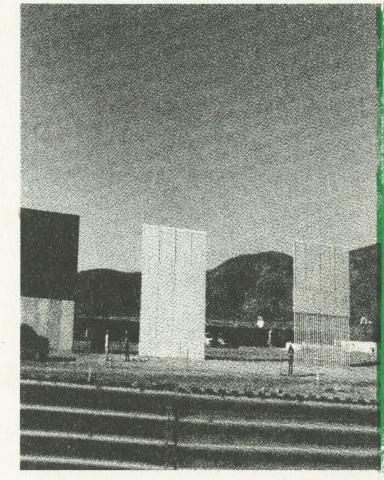
I came to Otay in order to better understand this political moment in which plants may be afforded greater legal protections in our

country than people.

Otay Mountain, imprinted or icaves

Reflecting on what

at first appears as a collision of the ecological with the political is to acknowledge their inseparability—how power moves through a variety of kinds of life.



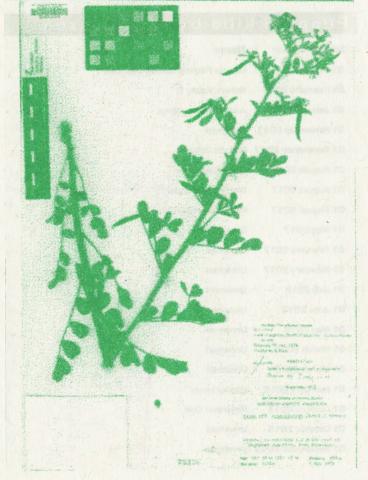


#### FIELD NOTES / MARCH 20, 2019

Animals, like people, suffer at the border. In March 2018, I joined a group of students checking and setting camera traps for jaguar as part of a study of the sonora jaguar's presence (and absence) from the borderlands. A century ago, jaguars were once abundant across this range, but were exterminated through US government programs to reduce livestock attacks: Thought extinct from the US for many years, at least five jaguars have been spotted in recent years in Arizona and New Mexico. Border walls have made it difficult for breeding pairs of jaguars to re-establish in the US. Perhaps one day they will return to California.

Wildlife biologists are outspoken about the effects of existing border walls and fences for a variety of species, including the Mexican grey wolf, peninsular bighorn sheep, and Sonoran pronghorn. The proposed expansion of the wall would be catastrophic for many dozens of endangered species. Even winged creatures, such as the ferruginous pygmy-owl, are impacted by the border; their flight patterns do not permit them to cross tall barriers.

The separation of kin at the border is a multispecies unnatural history.



# People killed by US Customs

| Incident Year     | Name                            |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| 01 May 2018       | Claudia Patricia Gómez Gonzáles |
| 01 February 2018  | Robert Young III                |
| 01 January 2018   | Juan Daniel Jacques             |
| 01 November 2017  | Unnamed                         |
| 01 September 2017 | Rodolfo Ballardo                |
| 01 August 2017    | Israel Caballero                |
| 01 August 2017    | Gloria Lopez-Lopez              |
| 01 August 2017    | Raul Quiroz-Quiroz              |
| 01 May 2017       | Darius Smith                    |
| 01 February 2017  | Unnamed B                       |
| 01 February 2017  | Unnamed                         |
| 01 Julý 2016      | Unnamed Line                    |
| 01 June 2016      | Unnamed PR                      |
| 01 May 2016       | Unnamed                         |
| 01 March 2016     | Unnamed                         |
| 01 March 2016     | Unnamed                         |
| 01 February 2016  | Hector Leroy                    |
| 01 October 2015   | Rayshaun Cole                   |
| 01 October 2015   | Unnamed                         |
| 01 September 2015 | Unnamed                         |

#### and Border Protection

Age State of Death 20 Texas 28 Florida 33 Texas "Adult" Arizona 31 Arizona 18 California 15 California 20 California 15 California Unspecified New Mexico New Mexico Unspecified

Unspecified Texas

"Adult" Arizona

Unspecified Texas

Unspecified Arizona
Unspecified Arizona

43 Texas

30 California

Unspecified California

Unspecified Michigan

#### People killed by US Customs

Incident Year Name
01 June 2015 Richard Matt

01 June 2015 Graciela Lopez Franco

U1 June 2015 Graciela Lopez Franco

01 March 2015 Jamison Childress

01 February 2015 Unnamed

01 January 2015 Tiano Melton

01 January 2015 Unnamed

01 December 2014 Francisco Manuel Cesena

D1 November 2014 Adam Thomas

01 October 2014 Unnamed

01 October 2014 Edgar Amaro López

01 September 2014 Unnamed

01 September 2014 Aide Fink

01 July 2014 Joaquin Tomas Cibrian

01 May 2014 Jose Luis Arambula

01 March 2014 Unnamed

01 February 2014 Julian Ramirez Galindo

01 January 2014 Gabriel Sanchez Velazquez

01 January 2014 Keith Martin

01 December 2013 Steven Keith

01 November 2013 Cruz Marceline Velazquez

#### and Border Protection

Age State of Death

Unspecified New York

32 California

20 Washington

Unspecified Texas

25 Texas

Unspecified Texas

40 California

27 California

36 New Mexico

23 Arizona

Unspecified Texas

50 Texas

Unspecified Texas

31 Arizona

Unspecified Michigan

41 California

31 Arizona

35 Texas

58 California

16 California

## People killed by US Customs

| Incident Year<br>01 October 2013 | Ernesto Guitierrez Cortez   |   |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 01 March 2013                    | Matthew Simmons             |   |
| 01 February 2013                 | Unnamed                     |   |
| 01 December 2012                 | Margarito Lopez Moreles     |   |
| 01 September 2012                | Valeria Tachiquin-Alvarado  |   |
| <br>01 June 2012                 | Charles Robinson            |   |
| 01 April 2012                    | Unnamed                     |   |
| 01 March 2012                    | Alexander Arthur Martin     |   |
| 01 December 2011                 | Byron Sosa Arrellano        |   |
| 01 November 2011                 | Gerardo Lozano Rico         | 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 |
| 01 September 2011                | Omar Olivares               |   |
| 01 April 2011                    | Armado Rodriguez            |   |
| 01 March 2011                    | Carlos LaMadrid             |   |
| 01 February 2011                 | Alex Martinez               |   |
| 01 January 2011                  | Robert Perez Perez          |   |
| 01 October 2010                  | Juan Mendez                 |   |
| 01 May 2010                      | Anastacio Hernandez Rojas   |   |
| 01 April 2010                    | Neil Begin                  |   |
| 01 March 2010                    | Victor Santillan de la Cruz |   |
| 01 January 2010                  | Jorge Alfredo Solis Palma   |   |
| 01 May 2009                      | Luis Barrientos             | 34                                      |
|                                  |                             | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |

#### and Border Protection

| anu       | Dui uc |            | ULL   | Culo           | 4 | 5 8 9 9 9 |  |
|-----------|--------|------------|-------|----------------|---|-----------|--|
| Age       |        | State of   | Death |                |   |           |  |
| 38        |        | California |       |                |   |           |  |
| 28        |        | Texas      |       |                |   |           |  |
| 51        |        | California |       |                |   |           |  |
| 19        |        | Arizona    |       |                |   |           |  |
| 35        |        | California |       |                |   |           |  |
| 75        |        | Maine      |       |                |   |           |  |
| Various   |        | Texas      |       | 80<br>80<br>80 |   |           |  |
| 24        |        | California |       |                |   |           |  |
| 28        |        | Arizona    |       |                |   |           |  |
| 50        |        | Texas      |       |                |   |           |  |
| 58        |        | Texas      |       |                |   |           |  |
| 46        |        | Texas      |       |                |   |           |  |
| 19        |        | Arizona    |       |                |   |           |  |
| 30        |        | Washingt   | :Ofi  |                |   |           |  |
| Unspecifi | ed     | California |       |                |   |           |  |
| 18        |        | Texas      |       |                |   | 8         |  |
| 42        |        | California |       |                |   |           |  |
| 54        |        | Maine      |       |                |   |           |  |
| 36        |        | Texas      |       |                |   |           |  |
| 28        |        | Arizona    |       |                |   |           |  |
| 56        |        | New Mex    | ico   |                |   |           |  |

#### People killed by US Customs

Incident Year Name

01 December 2008 Steven Edward Martin

D1 December 2008 Miguel Castillo Lopez

01 July 2008 Tomas Orzuna

01 October 2007 Kenneth Petersen

01 August 2007 Jose Alejandro Ortiz-Castillo

01 May 2007 Benito Gonzalez

01 March 2007 Gerardo Valentinez

01 March 2007 Ramiro Gamez Acosta

01 February 2007 Unnamed

01 January 2007 Francisco Javier Dominguez Rivera

01 August 2006 Luis Nunez III

Manust 2006 Lucia Baez

Telephone 2503 F billion to Scot speci-

61 Detaber 2005 Agustin Gemez Cempos

01 Ontober 2005 Jeffrey Suddeth

#### and Border Protection

Age

State of Death

21

Arizona

Unspecified

Texas

Unspecified

California

Unspecified

Minnesota

27

Texas

40

California

Unspecified

California

50

California

Unspecified

Arizona

22

Arizona

Unspecified

California

40

Arizona

, i

Unimperation!

Unsmelled

Unspecified.

California

36

Montana.

#### killed by US Customs People

Incident Year

Name

01 May 2005

Juan De Jesus Rivers Cota

01 February 2005

Bassim Chmait

01 February 2005

Julio Cesar Yanez Ramirez

01 October 2004

Edgar Ramos Villareal

Maria Guadalupe Gomez Patino,

01 September 2004 Adriana Martinez

01 September 2003 James Roberts

01 June 2003

Ricardo Olivares Martinez

Juan Patricio Peraza Quijada

01 February 2003 01 February 2003

William Orto Petersen

#### FIELD NOTES / FEBRUARY 19, 2019

Because the most direct route to the border at Otay was blocked for miles around by CBP, I had to track back and go over the mountain to reach the other. side. There is a truck trail that can take you the 9.5 miles or so up and over Otay to the border from the North I did not have a truck, so I set out on foot.

After 5 hours I reached the summit, but there was not enough daylight to make it to the border with time to return up and over the mountain again.

#### and Border Protection

| Age<br>16   | State of Death |
|-------------|----------------|
| <b>5</b> 0  | California     |
| 31          | Arizona        |
| 25          | Arizona        |
| on ac       |                |
| 37,16       | Texas          |
| Unspecified | California     |
| 22          | Arizona        |
|             |                |

Texas

Arizona

19

30

The day I went to Otay: I did not see another person on the mountain except for CBP patrols and volunteer border: guards' in unmarked white pickup trucks: I was warned going up by the first CBP Patrol that it was inadvisable to hike there that they were patrolling the area for people attempting to cross the border.

At one point while recording video, I heard a CBP patrol come careening down the trail. My first instinct was to hide.

# REST IN

Name: Jesús Flores-Cruz

Age: 41

Nationality: Mexican

Cause of Death: Fatal shooting

251 \_ UNITED STATES MEXICO

Incident Date: February 18, 2014 Incident Location: Otay Mountains

# POWER

Associated Press Thu Feb 20, 2014 12:19 PM

SAN DIEGO — The Mexican government on Thursday condemned a U.S. Border Patrol agent's fatal shooting of a Mexican man who allegedly struck the agent in the head with a rock near the U.S-Mexico border in California.

Mexico's Foreign Relations Department said it was "deeply concerned" about the killing of 41-year-old Jesus Flores Cruz near San Diego. The department said lethal force should be avoided in immigration enforcement.

The unidentified agent fired his gun Tuesday after Flores Cruz hurled several large rocks, including one about the size of a basketball, the San Diego County Sheriff's Department said.

One of the larger pieces hit the agent in the head and that the agent feared for his life, investigators said.

Flores Cruz suffered two gunshot wounds, the sheriff's department said in a press release. Authorities said they confirmed his identity with a fingerprint match from a 1996 arrest by the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration. No further details on that arrest were released.

Under current policy, agents can use deadly force if they have a reasonable belief that their lives or the lives of others are in danger. The Border Patrol has long maintained rocks can be lethal weapons.

### **PLANTS OF INTEREST**

#### Tecate cypress

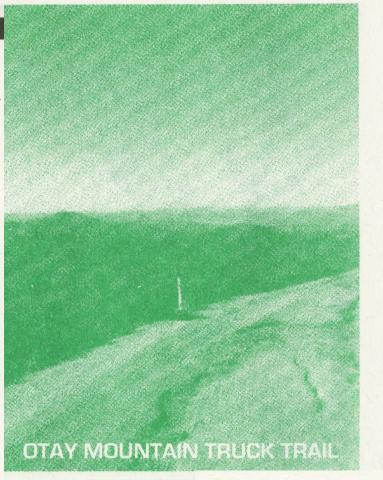
Cupressus forbesii (also: Hesperocyparis forbesii), is endemic to a small geographic range spanning southern California and Northern Baja, including Otay Mountain. It is considered both rare and endangered in California, according to the California Native Plant Societies' Rare Plant Rank classification system.

According to the plant blog 'In Defense of Plants', the Tecate cypress is "a holdover from a time when this region was much cooler and wetter than it is today. It owes its survival and persistence to a combination of toxic soils, a proper microclimate, and fires that burn through every 30 to 40 years."

The Tecate cypress cones only open and release seeds in response to wildfires. "After a low intensity fire, literally thousands of Tecate cypress seedlings can germinate. Even if the parent trees burn to a crisp, the next generation is there, ready to take their place (In Defense of Plants)." But after decades of fires suppression, forest fires in Southern California now burn hotter, more intensely, and more frequently than in the past. These fires can kill, rather than replenish, stands of Tecate cypress.









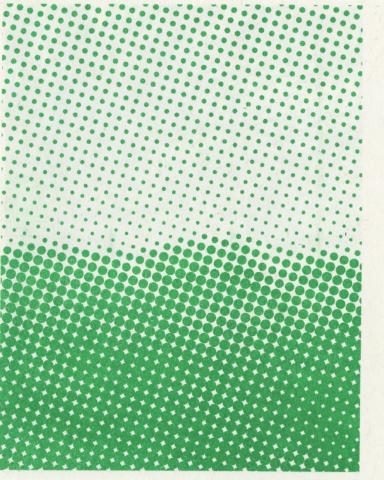
#### Otay Mountain lilac

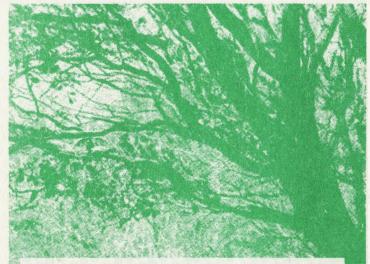
Ceanothus otayensis is a critically endangered shrub living almost exclusively on the slopes of Otay Mountain, with the exception of a few nearby populations on both sides of the US-Mexico Border. Smaller than most lilacs, it grows at elevations between 600-1100 meters.

New information about plant populations and their distributions is always emerging. Joe Davitt of the San Diego Zoo reports that a "very small population was recently discovered roughly 20 miles north of these populations. Soil studies have shown that this small population is growing in soil almost identical in mineral composition to soils found on Otay Mountain. It's unclear if this population migrated to this location, taking advantage of the similar soil type, or if it is a remnant population, from a time when the species was more widespread."

Opposite: Herbarium voucher specimen of Otay Mountain Lilac collected from Otay Mountain in May 2000.

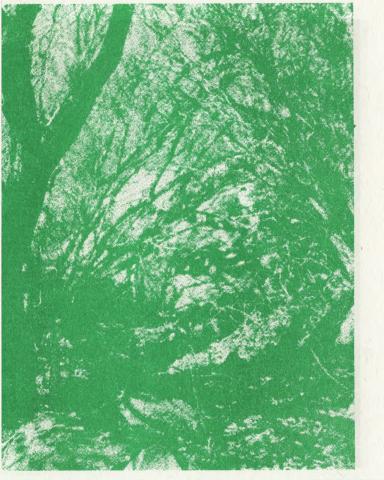


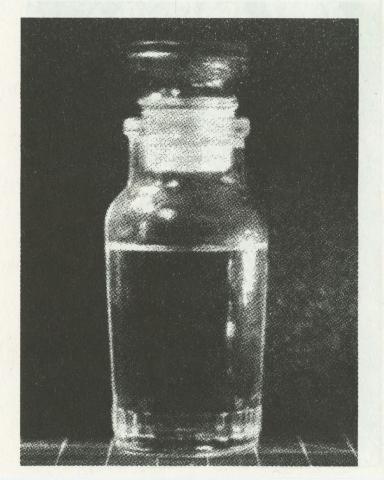




#### Otay manzanita

Arctostaphylos otayensis is listed as critically imperiled by the California Native Plant Society, and its entire population is restricted to Otay mountain, San Miguel mountain, and a limited number of individuals just south of the US-Mexico border in Baja. It has striking red bark that peels away as it ages, and fruits resembling small apples. It is threatened by habitat impacts such as road building, as well as by wildfires.





#### FIELD NOTES / February 19, 2019

The mountain smells like chaparral. The air carries memories of dry scrub and sun, thorny plants and vast expanses. I close my eyes on the trail up to the mountain and breathe. The scent takes me to a stand of laurel sumac growing in dense clumps two meters high. The sumac have long, thick green leaves and red stems. I want to remember the smell of the mountain, so I take a few leaves backhome with me in the hopes of bottling it.

## **VISIT OTAY IN 360**

If you or a friend have a smartphone you may visit Otay Mountain in 360 degrees.

- 1. It is recommended to first download the YouTube app for your phone (if your phone is an android you may also view in 360 without the app, but with IOS you will need to use the app).
- 2. The QR code on the next page will direct you to Otay Mountain.
  Alternatively, visit:
  http://tinyurl.com/otaymountain

3. Once the video has loaded, you may look in all directions, up and down, left and right. Look at what is close and what is far. Don't forget to look behind you. If you wish to hear the sound of the mountain, you will need headphones.

#### 4. Leave no trace.



All art and photographs by the author except:

Herbarium specimen images sourced from The Herbarium of the San Diego Natural History Museum Synoptic Collections Vouchers

Tecate cypress photograph used with creative commons permission from Wikipedia user Anthonysthwd. Otay manzanita photograph courtesy of Herbert A. Jensen and the Marian Koshland Bioscience and Natural Resources Library, University of California, Berkeley.

List of endangered and rare plants taken from expert witness testimony of Dr. Sula Vanderplank regarding impact of proposed border wall in San Diego County. Sample border wall photo courtesy Sula Vanderplank.

Statistics on fatal encounters with CBP courtesy of The Guardian: https://tinyurl.com/cbpdeaths

#### WELCOME TO OTAY MOUNTAIN: AN ALTERNATIVE FIELD GUIDE

Created by Jared Margulies, 2019
Printed at Baltimore Print Studios in 2019

Any profits from the sale of this zine will be donated to No More Deaths.

Visit www.jaredmargulies.com for more information about Alternative Field Guides.

